Review Calculations related to medications, Basic Safety and Infection Control, National Patient Safety Goals, Pain Management, and Blood Administration.

Review procedures related to Safety and Infection Prevention, including:
- CAUTI prevention, reassess continuing need for indwelling catheter
- Handwashing rather than sanitizer w/C. diff
- Intervening with patient at risk for falls who is walking steadily down the hall. Assist patient to return to room.
- Mismatch between medication and patient ID band
- Patient identifiers
- Time Out (in addition to other items) includes verifying correct procedure; surgical site
- N95 mask required when working with patient who has tuberculosis

Review procedures and precautions related to administering and monitoring Medications, including:
- Bumetadine (Bumex®), mismatch between vial and patient ID band: contact pharmacy to verify order.
- Clopidogrel (Plavix®), tablet calculation
- Diazepam (Valium®), fall risk
- Diphenhydramine (Benadryl®), fall risk
- Heparin protocol
- Metformin (Glucophage®) taken by patient pre-op; post-op monitor blood glucose, may need dextrose solution IV
- Warfarin (Coumadin®), risk for excessive bleeding as a result of a fall

Review nursing assessment and action in Clinical Situations, including:
- Allergic reaction to contrast agent
- Blood transfusion reaction
- Lab values to monitor for avoiding contrast-induced renal insufficiency
- Patient who overdosed, safety priority
- Need for adjustment of TPN rate after infusion has been running too fast. Contact provider for rate change.
- Indication for activating the rapid response team
- Documentation of skin assessment
Review regulations, best practices, and basis of judgment in Administrative Situations, including:

- Patient satisfaction – importance of communication
- Correcting error on consent: place line through error and initial it; instruct patient to correct error of signing on witness line. Sign near witness line and document witness.
- Time Out, correct components
- HIPAA requirement that the patient gives permission for a specific person to receive medical information
- Discharge needs for patient who requires oxygen at home – assure arrangements made for oxygen delivery
- Action in response to diversion of medications. Confront suspect in private accompanied by security
- Action in response to discrepancy in narcotics count: staff nurse notifies nursing supervisor
- Consent for surgery with a minor. Obtain parent consent via telephone with witness present
- Referral to ostomy nurse specialist
- Utilization review audit, supporting documentation required for insurance billing
- Initiating spiritual care referral for patient who has just received cancer diagnosis and states that God is punishing her
- Imminent mass casualty situation – evaluate staffing and safety considerations

Review practices related to Prevention of CMS Hospital Acquired Conditions, including:

- Blood incompatibility
- CAUTI prevention
- DVT, heparin protocol
- Fall prevention
- Glycemic control
- Pressure Ulcer

Review calculations, including:

- Medication protocols
- Sliding scale